Trials and Tribulations of Energy Code Testing

Ross Anderson Neighborhood Energy Connection In accordance with the Department of Labor and Industry's statute 326.0981, Subd. 11,

"This educational offering is recognized by the Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry as satisfying **1.5 hours** of credit toward **Building Officials and Residential Contractors code/energy** continuing education requirements."

For additional continuing education approvals, please see your credit tracking card.

Background

Ross Anderson

- Builder Remodeler
- HERS Rater
- Energy Rater Trainer
- Performed Training for Builders and Code officials
- Currently Performing Code Compliance testing and Training

Requirements Under Minnesota's New Energy Code.

A modified version of the IECC 2012

IECC 2012 More Challenging than ever

The Energy Code keeps raising the bar :

2009 Code is 15% more stringent than the 2006 version

2012 Code is 30% more stringent than the 2006 version

2015 target Code is 50% or greater than the 2006 Version

Climate Zones



Building Thermal Envelope

The Building Thermal Envelope is the Barrier that Separates conditioned space or inside from unconditioned space or outside



Increased Wall Insulation for climate Zone 6

Frame Wall R-20 or R13+5



Wall Insulation for climate zone 6

Minnesota Minimum is R-20 Cavity Insulation



Attic Insulation Level for climate zone 6

R-49 or R-38 continuous with raised heel framing



Attic Insulation Level for climate zone 6

R-49 or R-38 continuous with raised heel framing





Attic Insulation Level for climate zone 6

Attic Insulation Strategies for Special Areas





Foundation Insulation Level for climate zone 6

Basement foundation insulation R-15



Building Envelope tightness



Building Envelope tightness



Air Tightness Requirements

R402.4.1.2 Building thermal envelope testing. The building or dwelling unit shall be tested and verified as having an air leakage rate of not exceeding 3 air changes per hour. Testing shall be conducted with a blower door at a pressure of 50 Pascals (0.2 inches w.g.) Where required by the code official, testing shall be conducted by an approved third party. A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the party conducting the test and provided to the code official. Testing shall be performed at any time after creation of all penetrations of the building thermal envelope.

Air Tightness Requirements

House must test out at 3 ACH 50 or better To Receive a Certificate of Occupancy

(Lower is better)



- Highly calibrated fan
- Air flow at 50 Pa WRT outside
 - Depressurize
 - Pressurize





Blower Door set up

- 1. Exterior windows and doors, fireplace and stove doors shall be closed.
- 2. Dampers shall be closed.
- 3. Interior doors shall be open.
- 4. Exterior doors for HRVs and ERVs shall be closed.
- 5. Heating and cooling systems shall be turned off.
- 6. Supply and return registers shall be fully open.

(CHAPTER 8 OF THE RESNET STANDARDS ARE A GREAT REFERENCE)

- There are 2 types of Tests
 - Single point test
 - Multipoint test (Requires a computer and testing Software)

BUILDING LEAKAGE TEST Page 2 of 4

Date of Test: 9/25/2015 Test File: Demo Tec file

Building Information

Location Climate Information

Volume	29073
Surface Area	
Floor Area	3409
Height	15
# of Bedrooms	
# of Occupants	
Year of Construction	2015
Wind Shield	м

Ventilation Weather Factor	0.97
Energy Climate Factor	17.00
Heating Degree Days	7876
Cooling Degree Days	315
Design Winter Wind Speed	8.4 mph
Design Summer Wind Speed	13.4 mph
Design Winter Temp Diff	81 deg F
Design Summer Temp Diff	13 deg F
-	-

Heating and Cooling Cost and Efficiency Information

Heating Fuel	Gas
Heating Fuel Cost	
Heating Efficiency %	
Cooling Fuel Cost	
Cooling SEER	

Equipment Information

Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Custom Calibration Date
Fan	Energy Conservatory	Model 3 (110V)	4753-5-700	6/16/2015
Micromanometer	Energy Conservatory	DG700	4753-5	6/16/2015

BUILDING LEAKAGE TEST Page 3 of 4

Date of Test: 6/18/2013 Test File: presentation file

Depressurization Test:

Environmental Data

Indoor Temperature (°F)	Outdoor Temperature (°F)	Altitude (ft)
73.0	73.0	841.0

Data Points

Nominal Building Pressure (Pa)	Baseline Adjusted Building Pressure (Pa)	Fan Pressure (Pa)	Nominal Flow (cfm)	Adjusted Flow (cfm)	% Error	Fan Configuration	
0.8	n/a	n/a					
-58.7	-58.8	111.2	626	632	1.5	Ring B	
-52.0	-52.2	93.5	575	580	0.8	Ring B	
-46.1	-46.3	78.1	526	530	-0.2	Ring B	
-41.5	-41.6	66.8	486	491	-1.0	Ring B	
-37.3	-37.4	57.2	450	454	-1.7	Ring B	
-29.3	-29.5	41.1	382	386	-2.2	Ring B	
-22.9	-23.1	32.9	342	345	2.8	Ring B	
-0.5	n/a	n/a				-	

Time Averaging Period: 0

Deviations from Standard RESNET Multi-Point Test - Test Parameters

- Fewer than 8 data points were taken.



BUILDING LEAKAGE TEST

Date of Test: 9/25/2015		T	est File: Demo Te	c file			
Cu	stomer:	MR, Smith	T	echnician: Ross	Anderson		
		1234 1st street Scandia, MN	P	roject Number:			
			B	uilding Address:	1234 1st street Scandia, MN		
Те	st Result	ts					
1.	Airflow a (50 Pa	at 50 Pascals: a = 0.2 w.c.)	797 CFM50 (+/- 1.64 ACH50	1.4 %)			
2.	2. Leakage Area: 43.8 in2 LBL ELA @		A @ 4 Pa				
3.	3. Building Leakage Curve: Flow Coefficient Exponent (n) = 0 Correlation Coeff			(C) = 63.8 (+/- 0.645 (+/- 0.028) ficient = 0.99908	10.0 %)		
4. Test Settings: Test Star Test Mod		Test Standard: I Test Mode: Dep	Standard: RESNET Multi-Point Test Mode: Depressurization				
5.	Accurac	y Level	Standard Level	of Accuracy Test			
Inf	iltration	Estimates					
1.	1. Estimated Average Annual Infiltration Rate:		47.5 CFM 0.10 ACH				
2.	Estimate	ed Design Infiltration	Rate: Win	ter: 77.7 CFM 0.16 ACH	Summer: 60.9 CFM 0.13 ACH		
Co	st Estim	nates					
1.	Estimate	ed Cost of Air Leaka	ge for Heating:				
2.	Estimate	ed Cost of Air Leaka	ge for Cooling:				
Me	chanica	I Ventilation Guide	line (based on ASH	IRAE 62.2-2010)			
	Recomn	nended Whole Bldg	Rate:	41.6 CFM			
	Dee	Dete:		41.6.CEM			

- ACH 50
 - Air Exchange in building at 50 Pa of pressure WRT outside

ACH50 = [CFM50 x (60)] / Volume

- Variables
 - Volume
 - CFM 50

Variables that Can Effect the Blower Door Results

- Improper Volume calculations
- Faulty Equipment
- Extreme Weather conditions
- Improper House Set-up

Blower Door Testing

Figuring out Square footage and volume for Blower Door test



Plan Review



Air Tightness Requirements

Air Barrier opportunities

Recessed can lights





Bottom plate leakage



Insulating and Air sealing around windows



FAILURE TO EXECUTE





















Attic Access

Weather strip and insulate access doors to match surrounding R-Value



6. Attic Access

Weather strip and insulate access doors to match surrounding R-Value



R403.2.2 (#1) Duct tightness post construction test. Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4 cfm per 100 square feet of conditioned floor area when tested at a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. across the entire system, including the air handler enclosure. All register boots shall be taped or sealed.

R403.2.2 (#2) Duct tightness rough-in test. Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4 cfm per 100 square feet of conditioned floor area when tested at a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. across the entire system, including the air handler enclosure. All register boots shall be taped or sealed. If the air handler is not installed at the time of test, total leakage shall be less than or equal to 3 cfm per 100 square feet of conditioned floor area.

Total Duct leakage testing will be required to be 4 CFM per 100 sq.' of conditioned floor area.



Exception: If all ductwork and air handler is within conditioned space

R403.2.3 Building cavities. Building framing cavities shall not be used as ducts or plenums.



Ductwork is the low hanging fruit to be addressed in all new Energy Codes

Duct mastic is currently the best method of sealing duct work that needs to be tested that I have seen.



All ductwork must be hard piped and sealed. No more use of sheet rock cavities as returns









Total Duct Leakage Setup

- Returns and Supplies sealed up
- Turn off equipment
- Remove filters
- Intention openings as is, dampers closed
- Zone dampers open
- Measure in main supply and main return





What will be considered conditioned space?



Exception: If all ductwork and air handler is within conditioned space



What will be considered conditioned space?

What will be considered conditioned space?



Avoid Ducts in Outside Walls



Avoid Ductwork outside conditioned space



All leaks will have to be repaired before Certificate of Occupancy will be Issued.



What is considered outside of building thermal envelope??

R403.2.2 Exception to duct tightness tests. The total leakage test is not required for ducts and air handlers located entirely within the building thermal envelope.

Bonus Rooms Over Garage

R403.2.2 COMMENTARY ON DUCTS LOCATED ABOVE A GARAGE FOR A CONDITIONED BONUS ROOM/BEDROOM: Typically a supply duct serving a conditioned room above an attached garage would be considered to be located entirely within the building thermal envelope if it complies with the

following:

1. Duct joints, seams and connections shall be sealed per IMC 603.9.

2. Duct shall be insulated with minimum R-8 duct insulation and have a vapor retarder (per IMC 604.11) installed without respect to other building envelope insulation.

3. Duct shall be completely located above the floor insulation of minimum R-30.

4. HVAC register boots shall be sealed to the subfloor or drywall.

5a. If the space above the garage ceiling freely communicates with the ceiling cavity of the house,

an air and vapor impermeable R-30 building thermal envelope insulation shall be used.

5b. If the space above the garage ceiling is sealed at the junction of the house wall and garage wall with a durable continuous air barrier, creating a sealed six-sided building cavity, then either an air and vapor impermeable, or an air and vapor permeable, R-30 building thermal envelope insulation can be used. However, if an air and vapor permeable R-30 building thermal thermal envelope insulation is used (such as fiberglass or cellulose), the R-8 duct insulation shall be installed in contact with bottom of the floor sheathing and shall be encapsulated with a minimum 1 ½ inch thickness of air and vapor impermeable closed cell spray foam. In addition, all duct joints, seams and connections shall be sealed with duct mastic listed to UL 181A-M or UL181B-M installed liberally with a minimum thickness of approximately 1/16 inch.

Bonus Room Over Garage





DUCT SEALING AFTER CONSTRUCTION



DUCT TESTING SET UP



DUCT TESTING SET UP



DUCT TESTING SET UP





Thank You

Ross Anderson Neighborhood Energy Connection rossa@thenec.org